CHINO BASIN WATERMASTER WATERMASTER BOARD – SPECIAL MEETING

9:00 a.m. – July 28, 2022 *Mr. Jim Curatalo, Chair Mr. Jeff Pierson, Vice-Chair* **Held at Chino Basin Watermaster** 9641 San Bernardino Road Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730

(Call can be taken remotely via Zoom at this link)

AGENDA

FLAG SALUTE

CALL TO ORDER

ROLL CALL

PUBLIC COMMENTS

AGENDA - ADDITIONS/REORDER

I. BUSINESS ITEMS

A. RESOLUTION 2022-07 AUTHORIZING REMOTE TELECONFERENCE MEETINGS UNDER BROWN ACT

Adopt Resolution 2022-07 Authorizing Remote Teleconference Meetings under the Ralph M. Brown Act.

B. BOARD WORKSHOP: THE 2000 AND 2020 OBMP (INFORMATION ONLY)

C. 2020 OBMP CEQA PREPARATION PROCESS

- Direct staff to meet with all interested stakeholders, including the Four Appropriators, to evaluate the current status of the 2020 OBMP, consider changes in circumstances, and gather stakeholder input.
- 2. Using input from the meetings with stakeholders, develop a project description for the 2020 OBMP PEIR and proceed with the effort within the approved budget.

II. CONFIDENTIAL SESSION – POSSIBLE ACTION

A Confidential Session may be held during the Board Special meeting for the purpose of discussion and possible action.

 GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 54956.9(d)(2) – CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL— ANTICIPATED LITIGATION: One Case

III. FUTURE MEETINGS AT WATERMASTER

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ADJOURNMENT



CHINO BASIN WATERMASTER

9641 San Bernardino Road, Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730 Tel: 909.484.3888 Fax: 909.484.3890 www.cbwm.org

PETER KAVOUNAS, P.E. General Manager

STAFF REPORT

DATE: July 28, 2022

TO: Board Members

SUBJECT: Resolution 2022-07 Authorizing Remote Teleconference Meetings Under Brown Act (Business Item I.A.)

SUMMARY:

<u>Issue</u>: The Watermaster Board needs to adopt specific findings to continue to hold remote teleconference meetings during the COVID-19 pandemic consistent with amendments to the Ralph M. Brown Act (Brown Act) by Assembly Bill (AB) 361. [Normal Course of Business]

<u>Recommendation:</u> Adopt Resolution 2022-07 Authorizing Remote Teleconference Meetings under the Ralph M. Brown Act.

Financial Impact: None

<u>Future Consideration</u> Watermaster Board – July 28, 2022: Adoption

<u>ACTIONS:</u> Watermaster Board – July 28, 2022:

BACKGROUND

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Watermaster Board had been meeting remotely since March 2020. With the recent issuance of the Governor's Executive Order No. N-5-22 on March 7, 2022, lifting mask mandates though still strongly recommending them regardless of vaccination status, the Watermaster Board held its first in-person meeting on March 24, 2022, with one Board member in attendance remotely and has been the practice since.

The Governor's Executive Order No. N-29-20 (Executive Order) suspended the Brown Act's requirements for standard teleconferencing during the COVID-19 pandemic provided that notice and accessibility requirements are met, members of the public are allowed to observe and address the legislative body at the meeting, and that a legislative body of a local agency has a procedure for receiving and swiftly resolving requests for reasonable accommodation for individuals with disabilities, as specified. The provisions of the Executive Order, however, expired on September 30, 2021.

DISCUSSION

In recognition that the pandemic remains ongoing, on September 16, 2021, the Governor signed AB 361, an urgency measure, amending the Brown Act and authorizing remote teleconference public meetings under certain circumstances. AB 361 took effect on October 1, 2021, and expires on January 1, 2024. Though not strictly required to comply with the Brown Act, Watermaster's policy is to operate generally in accordance with the Brown Act's requirements. If the Watermaster Board desires to continue to meet remotely, it should comply with the Brown Act as amended by AB 361.

AB 361 applies to meetings during a state of emergency as declared by the Governor. There also must be either imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing by state or local officials, or a finding by the legislative body that meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees as a result of the emergency. The bill, however, does not require legislative bodies to continue to hold teleconference or hybrid public meetings.

AB 361 also requires several procedural safeguards to protect public participation during a remote meeting, which are generally consistent with the Watermaster Board's current remote meeting practices. Key safeguards include: (1) the public must have the ability to address the legislative body directly, and must be provided information on how to address the body; (2) the public must have either a call-in or internet-based service option; (3) the legislative body must stop the meeting in the event of a disruption of the call-in or internet-based option; and (4) the legislative body must allow for a reasonable time for real-time comments, including time to register to provide remote public comments. Should the Watermaster Board decide to hold teleconference meetings, as it has during the COVID-19 pandemic, it should comply with these requirements.

If the Watermaster Board elects to hold one or more meetings by teleconference, it will need to adopt the proposed Resolution. Watermaster findings are required every 30 days in order to continue holding remote teleconference meetings. Thus, if the Watermaster Board elects to continue remote teleconference meetings, the Board will need to make similar findings at each meeting. The last Resolution (Resolution 2022-06) was adopted at the Board's regular meeting held on June 23, 2022, and was effective until July 22, 2022.

ATTACHMENTS

1. Resolution 2022-07 (Draft)

RESOLUTION NO. 2022-07 OF THE CHINO BASIN WATERMASTER

AUTHORIZING REMOTE TELECONFERENCE MEETINGS OF THE CHINO BASIN WATERMASTER BOARD FOR THE PERIOD JULY 28 – AUGUST 27, 2022

- 1. WHEREAS, the Chino Basin Watermaster (Watermaster) is committed to preserving and fostering public access and participation in meetings of Watermaster Board (Watermaster Meetings), consistent with its policy to generally operate in accordance with the Ralph M. Brown Act (Gov. Code § 54950 *et seq.*) (Brown Act), so that any member of the public may attend and participate as the Watermaster conducts its business; and
- 2. WHEREAS, the Brown Act contains special provisions for remote teleconference participation in meetings when the Governor has declared a state of emergency pursuant to Government Code section 8625, and either state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, or an in-person meeting would present imminent risks to the health and safety of attendees (Gov. Code § 54953(e)); and
- 3. WHEREAS, such conditions now exist within the County of San Bernardino (County). On March 4, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom issued a Proclamation of a State of Emergency for the COVID-19 pandemic. On March 7, 2022, the California Department of Public Health and Governor Newsom's office issued Executive Order N-5-22 lifting mask mandates though still strongly recommending them regardless of vaccination status. As an arm of the court, Watermaster has followed guidance issued by the County Superior Court. The County Superior Court continues to encourage all court users to access remote service options to help prevent the spread of COVID-19 and strongly recommends the use of face coverings in court facilities.
- 4. WHEREAS, Watermaster finds that the current situation with regard to COVID-19 is causing, and will continue to cause, risks to the safety of persons within the County and finds that Watermaster shall conduct Watermaster Meetings with remote teleconference participation in the manner authorized by Government Code Section 54953, subdivision (e) and in compliance with the requirements to provide public access in Government Code Section 54953, subdivision (e)(2); and

5. NOW THEREFORE, WATERMASTER DOES HEREBY RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. <u>Recitals.</u> The Recitals set forth above are true and correct and are incorporated into this Resolution by this reference.

Section 2. <u>Affirmation that Local Emergency Conditions Persist</u>. The Watermaster Board hereby considers the conditions of the state of emergency in the Chino Basin and finds that local emergency conditions persist throughout the Chino Basin, and due to the high transmission rate of the Omicron variant (and Subvariants), risk to unvaccinated and vaccinated individuals, greater risk of transmission at indoor gatherings, and although the County's number of COVID-19 cases have declined since February 2022, meeting in person could present risk to the health and safety of Board members and the public. **Section 3.** <u>Remote Teleconference Meetings.</u> shall conduct Watermaster Meetings with remote teleconference participation in the manner authorized by Government Code Section 54953, subdivision (e), and in compliance with the requirements to provide public access in Government Code Section 54953, subdivision (e)(2).

Section 4. <u>Effective Date.</u> This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption and shall be effective until the earlier of August 27, 2022, or such time as Watermaster adopts a resolution in accordance with Government Code Section 54953, subdivision (e)(3) to extend the time during which meetings may continue to be held via remote teleconference in compliance with that section.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Chino Basin Watermaster Board, this 28th day of July 2022, by the following vote:

APPROVED: By: Board Chair Chino Basin Watermaster ATTEST: By: Board Secretary/Treasurer Chino Basin Watermaster STATE OF CALIFORNIA)) ss COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO)

I, <u>Bob Kuhn</u>, Secretary/Treasurer of the Chino Basin Watermaster, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing Resolution being No. 2022-07, was adopted at a regular meeting of the Chino Basin Watermaster Board on July 28, 2022, by the following vote:

AYES:

0

- NOES: 0
- ABSENT: 0
- ABSTAIN: 0

CHINO BASIN WATERMASTER

Watermaster Board Secretary/Treasurer

| Date: | | July | 28, | 20 |)22 | | |
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CHINO BASIN WATERMASTER

9641 San Bernardino Road, Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730 Tel: 909.484.3888 Fax: 909.484.3890 www.cbwm.org

PETER KAVOUNAS, P.E. General Manager

STAFF REPORT

DATE: July 28, 2022

TO: Board Members

SUBJECT: 2020 OBMP CEQA Preparation Process (Business Item I.C.)

SUMMARY:

<u>Issue</u>: Monte Vista Water District, Monte Vista Irrigation Company, City of Ontario and City of Chino ("Four Appropriators") have expressed concerns about the budgeting of expenses that may be incurred pertinent to environmental review of the 2020 OBMP and request that Watermaster direct its General Counsel to prepare a written legal opinion on the justification of inclusion of these expenses in the annual budget. [Within WM Duties and Powers]

Recommendation: In lieu of directing General Counsel to provide an opinion:

- 1. Direct staff to meet with all interested stakeholders, including the Four Appropriators, to evaluate the current status of the 2020 OBMP, consider changes in circumstances, and gather stakeholder input.
- 2. Using input from the meetings with stakeholders, develop a project description for the 2020 OBMP PEIR and proceed with the effort within the approved budget.

Financial Impact: N/A

Future Consideration Watermaster Board – July 28, 2022: Direction to staff

<u>ACTIONS:</u> Watermaster Board – July 28, 2022:

> Watermaster's function is to administer and enforce provisions of the Judgment and subsequent orders of the Court, and to develop and implement an Optimum Basin Management Program

BACKGROUND

The development of an OBMP is a discretionary power reserved to the Watermaster.

In 1998 the Court directed the commencement of an OBMP and the Inland Empire Utilities Agency began preparation of a Programmatic Environmental Impact Report ("PEIR"). Technical support of this effort, including work by Wildermuth Environmental, was in part, supported by assessments levied in accordance with the Judgment's procedures.

In June of 2000 the Peace Agreement and a suite of projects under an OBMP Implementation Plan were approved by Parties to the Judgment. Subsequently, the Peace Agreement, the OBMP Implementation Plan and the OBMP were all approved by the Court and Watermaster was ordered to proceed in accordance with their terms. The certification of the Programmatic EIR for the 2000 OBMP was a condition for Court approval of the Peace Agreement.

The 2000 OBMP was first supplemented in 2007 in connection with the adoption of the Peace II Agreement, again with environmental review being completed by IEUA, with technical support from Wildermuth Environmental being funded by Watermaster Assessments. Further updates by way of two Addenda to the 2000 OBMP Programmatic EIR were completed in 2017 and again in 2021 allowing the study of effects local storage and leading to the Local Storage Limitation Solution ("LSLS").

The existing PEIR is 22 years old and is stale for purpose of addressing current conditions in a manner sufficient to secure State and Federal funding and to properly inform the Court, the parties to the Judgment, and the public generally of potential environmental impacts attributable to new projects. Before embarking on new implementation measures a refreshed environmental review can address current conditions and include or enable subsequent project level approval for the benefit of basin stakeholders.

A draft Subsequent Environmental Impact Report on the 2020 OBMP was prepared in 2020, however IEUA resolved not to certify it because of concerns expressed by one stakeholder, resulting in a shift in focus to approving only environmental coverage of the LSLS. Ultimately, the LSLS was approved by Watermaster and the Court in 2021.

The State of California is currently facing record shortage conditions. The California State Water Project is meeting only 5% of contractor demands, the Bureau of Reclamation has declared shortage conditions on the Colorado River for the first time in history, the Metropolitan Water District has imposed water conservation mandates as has the California State Water Resources Control Board. Moreover, the Inland Empire continues to require water for the people and economy. Cooperative regional solutions like the OBMP play a critical role in meeting these needs.

According to the Restated Judgment the budget for annual Watermaster expenses is approved by the Advisory Committee (AC) and adopted by the Board; the effort to complete the 2020 OBMP CEQA documentation is budgeted in FY 2022/23, was approved by AC and adopted by Watermaster Board in May 2022.

Watermaster's power to levy assessments is derived from the Judgment. Assessments are levied in November after the Assessment Package is approved by the Board. While the effort to complete CEQA review for the 2020 OBMP is included in the FY 2022/23 Budget, no assessments have yet been levied for these budgeted costs.

DISCUSSION

Four Appropriator Position

On May 2, 2022 the Four Appropriators wrote to CFO Joe S. Joswiak concerning the FY 2022/2023 budget regarding the inclusion of "scoping items related to implementation of projects" included in the

OBMP 2020 Update Report, which was adopted by the Board in October of 2020 (Attachment 1.) The letter references the timing of potential expenditures in the amount of \$276,799 arising from a proposed scope of work related to environmental review, technical work and legal support and objects to the items being included in the budget.

The principal grounds for objecting to inclusion of the expenses in the budget are that if amendments to the Peace Agreement and the Implementation Plan are proposed, they require unanimous consent, and that Watermaster is not a public agency with CEQA responsibilities and therefore expenditures of funds are not appropriate.

The Four Appropriators believe that CEQA review is not warranted before an OBMP Implementation Plan (IP) update is drafted first and a Peace Agreement Amendment is negotiated, and believe it is better to reconvene the IP drafting process first;

On May 25, 2022 the Four Appropriators again wrote in follow-up to the May 2, 2022 letter desiring a response to the questions posed therein and further requesting a "Written Opinion from Watermaster General Counsel that identifies both the CEQA "project" description and provision(s) in the Chino Basin Judgment and/or Peace Agreements, and any other agreement among the parties to the Judgment which authorizes such expenditures." (Attachment 2.)

The Four Appropriators further expressed a concern that funding CEQA consultants to develop information that might be used by IEUA in preparing a CEQA document is a "conflict of interest" if IEUA is a proponent of an OBMP project that requires Watermaster approval under the Judgment. Thus, they request a written legal opinion of Watermaster General Counsel as to whether this funding would create a conflict of interest.

The Four Appropriators repeated their request for a written legal opinion in a third letter, dated June 21, 2022 (Attachment 3.)

Watermaster Response

Watermaster staff and Counsel have responded to the above concerns on several occasions during the annual budget review and approval process and beyond. In summary the response is that the contemplated CEQA analysis is broad and intended to enable any management actions and projects the parties might agree to implement at a later time, and may also include project level analysis where there is specific agreement to proceed. In addition to facilitating the update of the OBMP Implementation Plan, the cumulative CEQA analysis streamlines future project-specific analyses and also creates a contemporary CEQA analysis for grant applications.

The 2020 OBMP is a broad management plan for Chino Basin for the next 20 years that was written as an update to the 2000 OBMP through an extensive stakeholder engagement process. It is envisioned that many projects could be conceived by the parties from this planning document and a project-specific EIR would need to be prepared before a specific project can be implemented by any party to the Judgment. Such environmental review may be included with the final 2020 OBMP CEQA documentation or may be tiered off of this analysis at a later time.

The adoption of an OBMP by Watermaster is not a "project" for purposes of CEQA. However, the physical projects carried out under the OBMP may be. This is abundantly clear. One of the historical problems solved by the OBMP PEIR was to put all pertinent potential projects on the table for programmatic evaluation, to reduce friction and infighting over competition for a limited set of dollars and resources and legal roadblocks to project completion.

Parties to the Peace Agreement may wish to update the OBMP Implementation Plan and possibly amend the Peace Agreement to move forward with implementation of management activities and projects they

may agree on. The environmental analysis for the 2020 OBMP will provide information to the parties and thus facilitate negotiations.

Since the time the Project Description for the 2020 OBMP PEIR was drafted in 2020, Program Element 8 – Storage has been addressed in a separate CEQA document (Second Addendum to the 2000 OBMP PEIR) and other projects (e.g. IEUA's Chino Basin Program) have also certified CEQA documentation. As a result, the project description for CEQA review of the 2020 OBMP needs to be reviewed.

Following discussions with the Watermaster Board staff included funds in the proposed FY 2022/23 budget to assist the parties, if requested, in developing an updated OBMP Implementation Plan and negotiating an update to the Peace Agreement, and to review and update the 2020 OBMP environmental review documentation so it can be considered by the IEUA Board of Directors. The estimated expense for these efforts is as follows:

| Engineering Services 6906.26 | 2020 OBMP Implementation Plan | \$15,282 |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| | Support PA Amendment | \$15,282 |
| | 2020 OBMP CEQA | \$246,235 |
| | Total: | \$276,799 |
| | | |
| Legal Services 6907.45 | Budget for all 3 components: | \$126,000 |

Prior to its approval by the Watermaster Board, the budget was approved as presented by majority vote of the Advisory Committee, with the Four Appropriators in opposition.

Watermaster also has an obligation to ensure that CEQA has been performed as a precondition to processing and approving certain discretionary decisions under the Judgment, Peace Agreement, and Watermaster Rules and Regulations. The Peace Agreement recites and provides for IEUA to perform environmental review functions for the 2020 OBMP. It has undertaken this responsibility for the convenience of the parties on multiple occasions, e.g. Dry-Year Yield, Basin-Re-Operation – Hydraulic Control; Storage Addendums. Further, regardless of CEQA, it has an obligation to conduct an analysis of Material Physical Injury of qualifying projects and actions under the Peace Agreement and Court order. Consequently, it is reasonable, natural, and efficient for Watermaster to offer its technical expertise and services to IEUA, where IEUA is preparing an EIR to facilitate Watermaster functions.

While the Four Appropriators prefer a narrower and more restricted approach, the majority of the stakeholders, as expressed in the Advisory Committee vote to approve the budget, disagree. The Judgment provides clear instruction on the approval of the budget.

The Four Appropriators asked for an extension of time during which to challenge Watermaster's adoption of the budget that was approved by the Advisory Committee. Watermaster has agreed to extend the Judgment period for challenging the Budget from 60-days to a date certain, 30 days from the July 28, 2022 Special Board meeting to allow for more discussion.

Staff believes that instead of preparing a legal opinion as requested, further discussion with stakeholders whereby we make it clear that no technical expenditures will proceed in advance of re-examining the scope of the 2020 OBMP and the inclusion or exclusion of additional projects and implementation measures at a programmatic and potentially a project level is advisable. Consequently, staff is proposing, and seeking direction from the Board to proceed with, a process to obtain input from all stakeholders to revise the CEQA documentation Project Description and to develop a work plan while honoring the Peace Agreement and the Judgment. This will allow time to discuss and clarify the proposed CEQA document preparation as well as address other concerns.

The act of budgeting for a future event that is likely to occur within the next fiscal year does not constitute a commitment to any specific outcome to implement a change, modify the Peace Agreement, or the

Implementation Plan. As was the case with the LSLS, new commitments vitiated the need for altering previous ones in a manner that required unanimous consent of the Parties. New subject matter is not necessarily subject to the limitations of the Peace Agreement.

Watermaster can both establish a budget for an expected action, requiring technical support, while reserving to its discretion, to the extent it exists under the Judgment and Peace Agreement, and likewise to the parties to the Judgment to address any action that Watermaster may take when there are clear facts before us.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. May 2, 2022, letter from the Four Appropriators to Joe Joswiak subject "Chino Basin Watermaster, Fiscal Year 2022/23 Draft Budget"
- 2. May 25, 2022, letter from the Four Appropriators to Watermaster Board Members subject "Chino Basin Watermaster, Fiscal Year 2022/23 Draft Budget"
- 3. June 21, 2022, letter from the Four Appropriators to Watermaster Board Chair Curatalo subject "Chino Basin Watermaster, Fiscal Year 2022/23 Draft Budget"

ATTACHMENT 1









May 2, 2022

Joseph S. Joswiak, MBA Chief Financial Officer Chino Basin Watermaster 9641 San Bernardino Road Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730

Chino Basin Watermaster, Fiscal Year 2022/23 Draft Budget

Dear Mr. Joswiak:

The Cities of Ontario (Ontario) and Chino (Chino) and Monte Vista Water District (MVWD) appreciate the opportunity to review and provide input on the Watermaster Fiscal Year (FY) 2022/23 Draft Budget.

The proposed FY 2022/23 budget includes scoping items related to implementation of projects included in the Optimum Basin Management Program (OBMP) 2020 Update Report, which was completed and adopted by the Watermaster Board on October 22, 2020. During the process of Watermaster developing the OBMP Update Report, with input from the Parties, it was understood that the next steps for implementation would require agreement by the Parties. This was confirmed by Watermaster's Summary of Engineering Services and Costs for the Budget: "Furthermore, to implement the 2020 OBMP Update, the parties must update the 2000 OBMP Implementation Plan and amend the Peace Agreement." Under Section 10.14, amendments to the Peace Agreement require unanimous consent. With that in mind, it was understood that this agreement must be completed prior to any further OBMP related work, in line with past practice. If Watermaster intends otherwise, please provide justification.

Watermaster initiated a process to facilitate an update to the OBMP Implementation Plan (IP) through an amendment to the Peace Agreement. A Drafting Session Orientation was held on March 2, 2020, and the first OBMP IP Drafting Session was held on March 16, 2020. The process was put on hold after the first working meeting and has yet to resume.

The proposed scope of work totals \$276,799 for environmental review and other technical work (account 6906.26) along with \$126,200 for legal support (account 6907.45). Watermaster staff has repeatedly stated that this work is discretionary. Further, CEQA review, and Watermaster expense to support it, is not warranted prior to an agreement on the Implementation Plan and Peace Agreement Amendment. While the parties to the Peace Agreement sanctioned CEQA review of the then-agreed-to project elements, CEQA authorization under Section 2.2 of that Agreement does not extend to future projects to which agreement has not been reached. Watermaster's own

discretionary activities to develop an optimum basin management program, as part of the Judgment's physical solution, are not subject to CEQA review and hence is not a justification for such expense.

While the Parties could all agree to proceed with this scope of work, Ontario, Chino, and MVWD believe a better approach is to reconvene the IP drafting process in advance of any additional scoping and budget. This will allow the Parties responsible for implementation to first develop the scope of implementation and negotiate an amendment to the Peace Agreement, then study the environmental impacts as needed. This process is in line with what Watermaster stakeholders have already committed to complete – an agreement for the implementation.

Ontario, Chino, and MVWD are also seeking clarification from Watermaster whether it intends to implement the budgeted discretionary work either upon a simple majority budget approval of the Advisory Committee or upon approval by all Parties. If the former, please provide a legal explanation of Watermaster's authority to impose this onto the Parties to the Peace Agreement.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

Courtney Jones

Courtney Jones City of Ontario Water Resources and Regulatory Affairs Director

Justin Scott-Coe Monte Vista Water District General Manager

ack

Dave Crosley City of Chino Utilities Engineering and Operations Manager

cc: Peter Kavounas, General Manager, Chino Basin Watermaster Eduardo Espinoza, Chair, Appropriative Pool Committee

ATTACHMENT 2







May 25, 2022

Chino Basin Watermaster 9641 San Bernardino Road Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730

Chino Basin Watermaster, Fiscal Year 2022/23 Draft Budget

To Watermaster Board Members:

The cities of Ontario and Chino and Monte Vista Water District are following up on their letter of May 2, 2022, which questioned the inclusion of expenditures for Optimum Basin Management Program (OBMP) Update California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review in the 2022/23 Draft Budget. While we received written comments from Mr. Kavounas and spoke with Watermaster Counsel, which we appreciate, we have not received an explanation of the legal basis for such expenditures. We have been repeatedly told by Watermaster that CEQA review, and associated Watermaster expenditures, would follow an Implementation Plan and Agreement by the parties to the Peace Agreement. Similarly, Watermaster Counsel acknowledged, and we agree, that there is a need to revisit the "project" description in the pending Inland Empire Utilities Agency (IEUA) CEQA analysis.

Accordingly, we hereby request a Written Legal Opinion from Watermaster Counsel that identifies both the CEQA "project" description and the provision(s) in the Chino Basin Judgment and/or Peace Agreements, and/or any other agreement among the parties to the Judgment, which authorizes such expenditures. We understand from recent communications with Watermaster Counsel that Watermaster is not a public agency but rather an extension of the Superior Court, and hence not authorized to conduct CEQA review. We agree with that statement and conclusion. However, that statement and conclusion suggest that CEQA review and associated expenditures require agreement by all parties to the Judgment – the procedure followed by the Peace Agreement.

It also appears that Watermaster intends to finance, by funding the CEQA consultants (Dodson and West Yost) and CEQA attorneys, the efforts of IEUA as the Lead CEQA agency when IEUA itself is a proponent of an OBMP project that requires Watermaster approval under the Judgment. This would appear to present a conflict of interest. We request that the Legal Opinion address this perceived conflict of interest.

We appreciate your attention to this important matter in the belief that you share our desire to ensure that all expenditures within the draft budget are legally justified.

Sincerely,

Courtney Jones

Courtney Jones City of Ontario Water Resources and Regulatory Affairs Director

Justin Scott-Coe Monte Vista Water District General Manager

Dave Crosley City of Chino Utilities Engineering and Operations Manager

cc: Peter Kavounas, General Manager, Chino Basin Watermaster Eduardo Espinoza, Chair, Appropriative Pool Committee







June 21, 2022

Chino Basin Watermaster Board 9641 San Bernardino Road Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730

Re: Chino Basin Watermaster, Fiscal Year 2022/23 Budget

Dear Chair Curatalo:

The Cities of Ontario (Ontario) and Chino (Chino) and Monte Vista Water District (MVWD) are following up on our May 2, 2022 letter, which is attached. Ontario, Chino and MVWD request Watermaster act on our letter by directing Watermaster legal counsel to provide a legal opinion regarding Watermaster's authority to impose costs, associated with the FY 2022/23 budgeted discretionary work within accounts 6906.26 & 6907.45, onto the Parties to the Peace Agreement by majority vote.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

Courtney Jones

Courtney Jones City of Ontario Water Resources and Regulatory Affairs Director

Justin Scott-Coe Monte Vista Water District General Manager

Dave Crosley City of Chino Utilities Engineering and Operations Manager

cc: Peter Kavounas, General Manager, Chino Basin Watermaster Eduardo Espinoza, Chair, Appropriative Pool Committee