1 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 2. COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO - RANCHO CUCAMONGA DIVISION 3 DEPARTMENT R-8 HON. J. MICHAEL GUNN, JUDGE 4 5 CHINO BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER OCT 12 1999 DISTRICT, 6 wate all eaten se givees Plaintiff, 7 vs. Case No. RCV 51010 8 CITY OF CHINO. 9 Defendant. 10 11 12 REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF ORAL PROCEEDINGS 13 Thursday, September 30, 1999 14 APPEARANCES: 15 For Cucamonga Best, Best & Krieger 16 County Water MR. GENE TANAKA District: Attorney at Law 17 18 For the City Law Offices of Jimmy L. Gutierrez of Chino: MR. JIMMY L. GUTIERREZ 19 and MR. JAMES E. ERICKSON 20 Attorneys at Law 21 For the City Alvarez-Glasman & Colvin 22 of Pomona: BY: MR. JESS SENECAL Attorney at Law 23 24 (Appearances continued on next page.) 25 Reported by: HEATHER R. MOORE, C.S.R. 26 Official Reporter, C-10294

Heavings

OBAP B



1	APPEARANCES: (Continued)
2.	
3	For Monte McCormick, Kidman & Behrens
4	Vista Water By: MR. ARTHUR G. KIDMAN District: Attorney at Law
5	
6	For the State Office of the Attorney General of California: By: MS. MARILYN H. LEVIN
7	Deputy Attorney General
8	For Watermaster Lemieux & O'Neil
9	Services: By: MR. WAYNE K. LEMIEUX Attorney at Law
10	
11	For the Reid & Hellyer Agricultural By: MR. DAN G. MC KINNEY
12	Pool: Attorney at Law
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
- 25	۔ ۔
26	

1 CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA; THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1999; 2 1:30 P.M. 3 DEPARTMENT R-8 HON. J. MICHAEL GUNN, JUDGE 4 APPEARANCES: 5 (MR. GENE TANAKA, Attorney at Law; 6 MR. JIMMY L. GUTIERREZ and MR. JAMES E. ERICKSON, 7 Attorneys at Law; MR. JESS SENECAL, Attorney at Law; MR. ARTHUR G. KIDMAN, Attorney at Law; 8 9 MS. MARILYN H. LEVIN, Deputy Attorney General; 10 MR. WAYNE K. LEMIEUX, Attorney at Law; 11 MR. DAN G. MC KINNEY, Attorney at Law.) (Heather R. Moore, C.S.R., Official Reporter, C-10294) 12 13 THE COURT: Let's go on the record in the matter of Chino Basin Municipal Water District versus the City of 14 15 Chino, case number RCV 51010. We need to start with everybody's name for the record. Let's start with 16 17 Mr. Tanaka over on the left, and we'll work through 18 Mr. Gutierrez on down through the first row, and then we'll go with the second row and so on. 19 20 MR. TANAKA: Gene Tanaka on behalf of Cucamonga 21 County Water District. 22 MR. GUTIERREZ: Jimmy Gutierrez and James 23 Erickson on behalf of the City of Chino. 24 MR. SENECAL: Jess Senecal, your Honor, special counsel for the City of Pomona. 25 26 MR. KIDMAN: Arthur Kidman on behalf of Monte

Vista.

MS. LEVIN: Marilyn Levin, Deputy Attorney General on behalf of the State of California.

MR. LEMIEUX: Wayne Lemieux on behalf of the Watermaster.

MR. MC KINNEY: Dan McKinney on behalf of the Overlying Agricultural Pool.

THE COURT: Any other attorneys in the second -- well, what would be the first audience row? Anybody else wish to announce their presence?

(No response.)

THE COURT: I passed out a tentative. And I have told everybody to rip the one page out. Those are some notes to myself in there. Ms. Levin's paperwork was stamped in the 28th of September. I have looked at it, but I want to look at it more thoroughly. Perhaps on the November 18th date that I have in there we might discuss it further.

One of the primary concerns that I went to bed sleeping -- well, thought about before I went to bed to sleep last night was the employees. If we put this new time line in, the employees don't have a whole lot of time should an untoward event happen to the Watermaster as proposed. I am not presaging anything by that comment. It may be that we would have to move the June 30th, 2000, date. So I don't want anybody to think that this is a

last word on the time line, because I might have to make some adjustments.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 25

26

Ms. Levin seemed to have some good ideas, but I didn't really -- I have been in trial. I have done a lot of reading, as usual, and even found your Rand study most interesting. I wished I had that the first time everybody came in here. It would have helped me to understand things that I assimilated piecemeal since.

The tentative is pretty self-evident. to grant the request of the Watermaster to continue the hearing on the five-year appointment of the Watermaster to allow the phasing of the Optimum Basin Management Program as outlined. It seems like there is no opposition to that from what I have read. I only received, actually, three pleadings, Mr. Kidman's, one from Pomona, and Ms. Levin's.

Did somebody else turn something in on that? Oh, yes, Mr. Lemieux.

MR. LEMIEUX: Your Honor, we received a filing from the Chino Basin Water Conservation District. noticed very late in the game that it had the wrong file number, so there is a filing by them -- I hate to characterize someone else's argument, but it seems to be in agreement with the general tenor of the arguments you have made.

THE COURT: Would you make a copy of that and provide it to this Court?

2`

· 25

Has everybody else received a copy of that, because I haven't. And they will be a key player. If I read what's been done accurately, there are two bound volumes, the one is the Appendix, and the other -- it would appear that -- from Mr. Wildermuth's work it would appear that they're a key player if facilities are going to be owned by somebody. The Flood Control District also is an interesting player, which maybe we should start giving some documents to -- Jon Mikels is the supervisor in this area, and Fred Aguirre, right? Maybe they should be given some copies, especially of the bound ones. I found those most interesting.

Also, one of the things as I was reading over there is there is an argument that there is a million acre feet of water missing through maybe going out the other end of Prado to the Santa Ana River and through wells.

When they go out to inspect wells they find new wells and maybe some underreporting. I think that will be addressed in the implementation as to what's going to be done about that. I mean, it makes a big difference as to how much, water is down there. It goes from — the overdraft is 50 feet in some places and 200 in others.

Mr. Wildermuth, is that still the case? That was once the case.

MR. WILDERMUTH: Are you talking about overdraft?

1 THE COURT: Yeah. 2 MR. WILDERMUTH: It's about 90 acre feet. That's not water draft. That's how much water has been 3 4 depleted from storage over a known period of time. 5 THE COURT: Through known or unknown sources? 6 MR. WILDERMUTH: It has been production. 7 THE COURT: It's been production? 8 MR. WILDERMUTH: Yes. 9 THE COURT: Do we have an accurate estimate of how much is going out the other side? 10 11 MR. WILDERMUTH: How much is leaking out the 12 river, Sir? 13 THE COURT: Right. 14 MR. WILDERMUTH: No. We don't have the 15 information to accurately calculate it. 16 THE COURT: I know -- I am trying to assimilate. There is a lot to assimilate. 17 18 MR. WILDERMUTH: If you put water in, it makes the water level higher, the ground level water higher. 19 20 THE COURT: Yes, makes the pumping back in 1978 almost a half million dollars cheaper, or less expensive. 21 But if you bring it up, does it also go up faster? 22 23 MR. WILDERMUTH: It will increase leakage out 24 the bottom. We think we know what it is, but we don't 25 really have enough data to really accurately calculate it. 26 THE COURT: Okay. The other -- it was a well

written report that you had.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

MR. WILDERMUTH: Thank you.

THE COURT: I enjoyed reading it, which was the majority of part one, right?

Does anybody have any comments to make for the record?

Mr. Tanaka.

MR. TANAKA: Your Honor, if I may be heard on the tentative?

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. TANAKA: Your Honor, I'd like to address the point in your tentative about accepting the report as a final report as opposed to just a draft that's subject to later revision. I think there are two very important reasons why it should only be accepted as a draft. first deals with where all of the parties are in this process. Your Honor, if it is accepted as a final report, it then becomes binding. Even if it is contingent on the other part, Phase II being accepted, and that means then as I would read procedure, our ability to challenge this report starts now, and the statute of limitations would start as well.

If we don't challenge the report now, then we risk coming back later on and having the argument made, you have waived your ability to challenge any of the aspects of Phase I. It is a statute of limitation

preservation of rights issue. So if it is accepted as a draft subject to later revision, everybody has reserved their rights. If and when Phase II gets approved, there is no need to worry whether or not anyone has a challenge. If we're in a position later on and we want -- we decide we're going to challenge Phase I and Phase II, we have waived our rights as to Phase I, so it puts a pressure on us to have to make a decision and preserve our rights. think it will force parties to make a decision as to the litigation.

THE COURT: The litigation will probably come in the implementation phase, which is forthcoming.

MR. TANAKA: Not necessarily, your Honor. If we as a group can agree on Phase II, then I don't think the parties that have reached agreement are going to litigate. If we don't know whether we're going to reach agreement or not on Phase II, but we'll be waiving our rights as to Phase I if we sit on our hands, it puts tremendous pressure on us to decide whether to litigate earlier.

THE COURT: Let me think aloud. If I lodged it, and we termed it was lodged — let me tell you what my main concerns are. I want to get on to the second phase. And if, as Mr. Kidman said in his paperwork, we keep on rehashing Phase I, we're never going to get on to Phase II. If we lodged the report, would that not preserve your rights, and then we'll file it coterminously

- 25

with the second phase?

MR. TANAKA: I think it would as long as it is not viewed as being lodged and final. See, the concern, your Honor, is if it is a final report not subject to later revision, then a party cannot later say, well, I waited for a year or half a year or however long to challenge it because it now knows what that report is and it should challenge it. If we don't challenge it now, we waive our rights. And I think everybody would rather waive that decision because there is a hope and expectation we will reach agreement on Phase II.

MR. LEMIEUX: Your Honor, would the problem be solved if your order calls it a final report but says exactly what Gene is addressing? Even though this is a final report, this doesn't start the statute of the limitations running. The parties can challenge this part of the report at some time in the future. In fact, if that's acceptable to the Court, what I -- I was going to propose for all of this anyway is that we'll prepare a proposed order and circulate it among the attorneys to nitpick that particular sentence if that approach is acceptable.

THE COURT: I have got it right on here. I am the one that typed that up. It is right on this computer right here. I can change anything in about --

MR. TANAKA: Before we get too far off track,

let me state my second reason as well. It is a separate 1 2 and independent reason, your Honor, and that goes to CEQA. 3 The problem I have is if it's a final report not subject 4 to later revision, then I think it becomes a decision. 5 And I agree with your Honor that -- or I would probably agree with your Honor that the Court is not subject to 6 7 CEQA and Watermaster by extension is not as well.

THE COURT: It says right in the Public Resources Code, but go ahead.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

MR. TANAKA: But I think by the same token, I am as concerned as the public agencies sitting around here and involved in Watermaster are. And if later on down the road they choose to implement this Phase I that's now been approved today and they send out the CEQA review and say, "We're considering a decision, and here's the decision. We're doing our CEQA compliance now." I think that it is highly likely that some later Court is going to come along and tell that public agency if they get sued, "Your result was already predetermined. There was a report that was final. You had discretion in preparing that report. became an order of the Court. You have no choice but to accept this report, so your CEQA review is meaningless."

The problem is if we make a decision today that it is final, then we are forever condemning the future agencies when they make their decisions to be tagged with predetermining their results of CEQA down the road,

That's

whether it be a year, two, three, or four years.

the concern I have.

THE COURT: Let's hear from Mr. Kidman.

MR. KIDMAN: Thank you, your Honor. On the first point relative to whether lodging would be a good solution to this, I don't think that any of us want to get hung up on terminology or semantics. We had suggested that it ought to be received and filed as something the public agencies do. I don't know if that's a proper thing for the Court. It seems to me that the idea ought to be that this report, along with the comments as you suggest, should be accepted by the Court in some form, and that part of the order to go forward into Phase II ought to include a requirement that the Watermaster prepare responses to the comments that were received.

Right now -- often times we see in the environmental process, to use something that we're talking about right now, the idea that you do a draft report, then you get comments, then there are responses to the comments, and those three things then become the final. So that type of a pattern might work rather well and still preserve the objections that the parties have. And while your Honor is correct, Monte Vista's position is, we ought to put this down now and get on with it and not keep coming back and revising it and rehashing it, that is the Phase I report. Even Monte Vista has some questions and

issues that they're not quite satisfied with in the

Phase I report. They made comments. The others have made

comments. And there needs to be some synthesis of those

comments by way of responses.

As to the CEQA issue, I believe, and would assert, that Mr. Tanaka is perhaps precipitating this issue prematurely. And in the Court's mind and the schedule the Court has tried to adopt, to look at that issue, I believe, is premature. That is the CEQA issue itself. Even if it were applicable to the Court and to the Watermaster and so forth, it has another exemption for planning and feasibility studies. That is, there is not a requirement to do CEQA analysis at the stage in the process where you're looking at what the plan is, what the goals should be, what the overall scheme is.

THE COURT: Let me ask you a question.

MR. KIDMAN: It is only when particular projects are proposed to implement that scheme that -- and those projects have a potential to have impact on the environment, only at that point. Even if CEQA is applicable, it is their project. And only when there is a project is the CEQA processing engaged. Now, I don't know about the NEPA part of this, but the -- the idea that we need to jump right in here and figure out what we have to do to comply with CEQA, I think, is probably something that gets left a little while down, at least until

2.

3

4

5 6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

15

14

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Phase II when we have an implementation plan or maybe we are focusing on actually going out there and making some physical changes in the environment --

> THE COURT: This is what I envision.

MR. KIDMAN: There is another point that I really want to bring to the Court's attention, and it is a new additional point. And I'll identify it for you. And I can talk about it now or we can try to resolve these two at the same time. And that is that part of the Phase I report puts some emphasis on the need for actuary charge facilities and the need for the Chino Basin to begin to get the benefit of getting more water put into the ground water basin, because what has happened over a period of time, and somewhat randomly, is there has been a lot of urban hardscape, rooftops, roadways, driveways, parking lots --

> THE COURT: The Army Corps of Engineers?

MR. KIDMAN: That's right. Flood control facilities too. Those things have all added up to less native recharge getting into the Chino Basin then once occurred, and less getting in there would be optimal under what this plan is envisioning. An impediment to that has come to my attention just in the last two weeks. had only one conversation with Mr. Lemieux about it, and it is as follows:

The State Water Resources Control Board, which

has control over surface water and appropriations in California, has noticed a hearing for the early part of December with comments and requests to be part of that hearing due by November 5th. This hearing that's been noticed would set aside, or at least examine whether to set aside, a determination by the State Water Resources Control Board that the Santa Ana River is fully appropriated. And the notice describes the current state of affairs that under prior case law there is a requirement for a certain quantity of water to the Prado dam, and so long as that amount of water goes by, those who are upstream in the watershed are permitted to take as much water as they need and put it to use. Well, here is the problem. The Orange County Water District has made an application to appropriate a huge amount of additional water over and above that minimal amount that is required to go past Prado.

Should that come to pass, that means that there would be a limitation on the amount, or possibly could be a limitation on the amounts of native flow in the Santa. Ana water shed, including the native flow coming into the Chino Basin that we could try to capture and put into recharge basins and Chino Basin. Now, that's kind of a long story.

THE COURT: That started in the '70's or '60's. That was in the '60's.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 25

26

3

4

5

6

18 19

14

15

16

17

21

22

20

23 24

25

26

MR. KIDMAN: But my -- the point is that here's an outside externality that's impinging now upon the ability of the Chino Basin to -- or possibly impinging on the ability of the Chino Basin to get enough recharge water from native sources to do the Optimum Basin Management Plan that's envisioned. We don't have a way right now under the Watermaster setup for the Watermaster to intervene in and become part of the State Water Resources Control Board process to try to assert and preserve the rights and the future needs of the Chino That simply is not available. Really the best I can say for in effect, the Court, for your Honor, to intervene in the State Board proceeding.

THE COURT: How about the Conservation District? MR. KIDMAN: I think the people we need to try to address -- what is the proper way for the Chino Basin to get itself represented in this basin? And that's a far more urgent issue than the question of CEQA compliance.

THE COURT: The original lawsuit was against -the Chino Basin Municipal Water District versus the City of Chino. Okay. It was again in the '60's.

Does anybody have a copy of that judgment that was rendered in that?

MR. KIDMAN: I am sure we can come up with that. We can.

> THE COURT: 1965.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: ¹69.

2

MR. KIDMAN: We're talking about the Orange

THE COURT: Sure. If you're to believe the Rand

3

County case?

4

study of it, which I think that Marilyn Levin attached to 5

6

her pleadings, it talks about that. And they had to get 7

that adjudication done before this adjudication could be

8

appreciated. And I was thinking it was a done deal then, but maybe it is not, and maybe we need to take a look at

9 10

that adjudication.

11

MR. KIDMAN: What's happened, physically, your

12 13 Honor, is at the time of the Orange County judgment there was a requirement for a certain amount of water to go past

14

the Prado dam. As I said, there has been tremendous

15

development in the Inland Empire and Chino Basin in the

16

meantime. As a consequence, there is far more run off

17

going past Prado now than there ever was back in the day of the judgment. That leads the Orange County Water

18 19

District to the State Water Resource Control Board to get

to be able to easily satisfy the needs of their Optimum

Basin Management Plan on the one hand and provide quite a

bit more guarantee to Orange County. Chino Basin needs to

20

some more of that water.

get in the game.

21

22

23

24

25

26

MR. LEMIEUX: Your Honor, if Mr. Kidman wasn't a

There is probably enough water, I would guess,

friend, I would have protested earlier. He is perhaps talking about something that should be brought up in another hearing.

2.

MR. KIDMAN: I totally agree. We need to have another hearing.

MR. MC KINNEY: May I address that briefly?

Orange County is jumping right in. I have to
agree with Mr. Tanaka. This is the point. This is an
evolving situation factually. The Agricultural Pool filed
a number of objections to the Optimum Basin Management
Plan. We're very concerned that the study isn't complete.

If there is a CEQA review at some point in time -- and there may or may not be -- more studies will augment this and increase our knowledge. I too am very concerned this report will be somehow deemed final and we'll now not be allowed to object. As you can see, we have raised a number of things that haven't been looked at closely. The Optimum Basin Plan, I don't think we would disagree, needs to be federally funded. We disagree with the costs.

And I am -- I am not too optimistic that we can all come to an understanding -- an agreement on the solutions in Phase II. I would hate to be in a situation where we are forced to litigate Phase I. This is final. We all disagree. Let's fight over this thing when Phase II is final.

2 3

4

б

5

7

9

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

· 25

26

If there's enough federal subsidies to fund Phase II, we're not going to argue much. We agree on the solutions needed. We don't agree on the factual basis for And so I too would want to put on the record, the Agricultural Pool is in opposition to some of the factual findings in the study and thinks further study is necessary. We would accept it as a draft report, and let's get on to Phase II.

THE COURT: It is time to get moving is my thought, whether we deem it lodged, or whatever terminology you want to use. But I want to get on with Phase II. And I think we can draft, redraft, draft redraft, redraft, amend, redraft, and we're never going to get anything done. And this has been years. It's time to get moving, as Mr. Kidman has even recognized in his moving papers.

On CEQA, eventually, I think, that's a done deal. It is going to have to happen at some point or The Court -- I recognize, and I have got a copy of 21000, et seq., around here someplace of the Public Resources Code. I know I am exempt, but the agencies aren't. And this whole Optimum Basin Management Program, I think the success of it is dependent upon building consensus, as I said before, instead of litigating. It was recognized.

I found the reading interesting, again, in that

Rand study way back in the '70's how many hundreds of thousands of dollars were spent litigating and spinning wheels and getting nothing accomplished but lining the pockets of lawyers and nothing got accomplished with the water. We can continue to do that, or you guys can do a consensus to stay out of the courtroom and go through the give and take, which is what my desire is. I don't want to -- I will, but I don't want to remove local control of the water. But it could be that people just keep on stalling and stalling and spinning wheels, and finally this Court gets frustrated and says, okay, bring in the Department of Water Resources. I don't want to do that.

- 25

I am not presaging I am going to do that. My thought is at this time that we have had a lot of work done. I looked at those amounts of times, what was it, the 37 meetings here and the 10 there? And I read those reports. And I am thinking there are a lot of hours that have been put into this, and people in good faith — Marilyn Levin mentioned it in her paperwork also — these people have really worked hard. And I don't want to snub that effort.

I hope this thing succeeds; otherwise, I would have appointed the Department of Water Resources a long time ago. It was by no small coincidence that I had the two factious sides negotiating the terms with the Department of Water Resources. You might have figured

that out a long time ago. Some of you are that smart.

The thing is we need that as a contingency plan in case people say, "Okay, we don't have the money. We don't have the money. We can't do anything." And talk is cheap.

And we have gone around and everybody has made their speeches, and it is back to business as usual. And it is not going to be business as usual.

MR. KIDMAN: Your Honor, the way I read your tentative ruling is you expect a report about 30 days from now, October 28th, to be precise, on how the CEQA issues are to be addressed?

THE COURT: I ordered some briefing. Briefing. Not a report. Some briefing on whether it --

MR. LEMIEUX: Oh, all right.

THE COURT: That would be the time. If some of you think it is premature, you can voice it at that time.

MR. LEMIEUX: For the Court's information, the parties have started to discuss the CEQA issue. And I believe some of the public agencies, and especially those most likely to be involved in the construction projects such as Inland Empire, are talking amongst themselves to find the best lead agency — at least we asked them to do that. And there are environmental consultants that are around and starting to develop proposals. Perhaps on the 28th we can bring you back our views on how CEQA can be

implemented, and even whether there is an agreement as to the parties as to who is going to be the lead agency and a time frame, but I think the 28th would be a little short to get too specific.

THE COURT: Well, I want to keep a short leash on this. And also I think Marilyn Levin's time line might deserve some further study, in which case I would have to move out the time of which contract — we're getting close to June the 30th. For the Watermaster to function, they might have to engage or enter into a contract that extends beyond that date.

In addition, it seems to me, we have got a plethora of agencies interacting and sometimes not interacting and acting independently. And it seems like somehow we have got to coordinate all the efforts in this area because we can't build consensus in one area and not in other areas. The Corps of Engineers, according to Mr. — I was reading Mr. Wildermuth's portion of the study — and the Corps of Engineers comes in and puts concrete flood control channels in so the water is going out not going down into the ground. Flood control has a separate certificate filed with the Secretary of State. It is not part of San Bernardino County, although they kind of function with San Bernardino County — San Bernardino County, I think, funds them.

They would say, "We're not going to pay for any

2.

recharge facilities, that's the Conservation District's 21 problem." And the Conservation District has their own problems. And the Watermaster is reacting with all of these agencies also. It just seems that somehow consensus is the only way to work this thing out.

6

5

MR. SENECAL: Your Honor, could I be heard very briefly on the City of Pomona's behalf?

8

9

10

7

We don't want to slow things down. represent that to the Court. We agree with the Court's analyzation that coordination is going to be imperative here, but we do subscribe, as we said in our moving papers and response, if the Court's order would specifically say that these rights are reserved, that would dispose of what I think is the issue raised by Mr. Tanaka. As to lodged or accepting it as received, that's all we were asking If you do that, then we're in a position to move forward, I think, diligently.

17

18

19

20

21

THE COURT: I have got no problem with that as long as it doesn't mean that the committees are still going to work on Phase I and not work on Phase II. need to get on -- as Mr. Kidman says, we need to get on with Phase II.

22

23

MR. SENECAL: My illustration is purely, your Honor, that I may have absolutely no problem with Phase I. Now, if somebody else is going to pay for a portion of the particular item, when I find out how it is going to be

3

4

5

6

7 8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

. 25

26

paid for, I may have a problem. It is those kinds of uncertainties that I think cause us concern about this being lodged and then maybe having somebody initiate administrative proceedings.

THE COURT: Ms. --

MS. LEVIN: I would like to echo a part of that. And I think Mr. Tanaka raised it in his comments to the Watermaster and so did I, not necessarily to the Court. think some of the problems we're talking about today might be solved if in your order, possibly one, you would drop the words "final report," and just on line 24 say, "The Court, however, accepts the OBMP Phase I report including the Appendix A as a report in compliance with the Court's Order to Show Cause." I had put that language in my proposed order. It is just some possible language.

Or, "The Court receives and files the OBMP Phase I report dated August 19th and Appendix A." Along with what Pomona has said, I agree that possibly the sentence could be added to your ruling that says, "the Court recognizes that the parties have filed comments and/or made objections during the development of the OBMP and that the Watermaster has retained these comments for the record." "The Court recognizes that the parties reserve their rights to comment on or object to the OBMP during the development of Phase II of the OBMP, at the time the document is considered for approval." There was some

discussion in the Watermaster meetings, and I don't think 1 my including that language will mean the parties will want 2 3 to go back and start on --

THE COURT: Rehash --

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

MS. LEVIN: -- Phase I. What some of them do want to do is, one, they objected to some of the comments and language in Phase I, and are, as Mr. Kidman suggested, hoping that some of the comments will be included or revised during a Phase II process. And so, I possibly even envisioned as part of the Phase II program that the entire document will be submitted to you, possibly even that includes some of Phase I. So my suggestion is to avoid both the CEQA issues as well as our concerns about this being a Phase I final report, that you delete the word "final" from that and then add a sentence regarding the fact that the parties reserve their rights. I think as I had said that might avoid any potential litigation that the parties may be forced to engage in now if it is considered a final report.

THE COURT: What if it said, "the Court accepts it as a provisional --"

MR. LEMIEUX: Good word.

THE COURT: "-- compliance with the Court's order."

Mr. Gutierrez was up first. Then I will go to you, Mr. Kidman.

Τ.Ο

MR. GUTIERREZ: I was just standing very close to Mr. Senecal because I wanted to display my agreement with what he had suggested to the Court. But I want to go just one step further, and that is that you are to be commended for having done something which has taken a long time to do that no one else could do, and that is subdue the ranker that existed between all of us. We made great progress in working together. And the report that has been prepared to date is a very, very good report.

The problem with the report as far as real analysis is that the most important component is missing. That is, how is it going to be paid for? Once we know that, it is very easy for us to know what our real position is. It's hard to know what our real position is now. And I think if you would proceed with your suggestion to make this provisional, we all have an opportunity to reflect back on Phase I once we know what the financial element is all about, which is going to be the crux of this.

There are some differences among us, but if we can work those out in the Phase II report, then Phase I disagreements may actually go away.

THE COURT: There is supposedly a guy within one of the utility agencies that is an expert on financing -- what's his name? He used to be with another organization.

MR. GUTIERREZ: Atwood {sic}?

_ •

MR. LEMIEUX: Richard Atwater. He also worked for the Watermaster as a financial consultant and is still working for us.

MR. KIDMAN: Your Honor --

THE COURT: What's wrong with consulting with him, assuming -- and I will let you be heard. You read my notes, which were supposed to have been to myself. That's one of the thoughts I had, is financing is a major, major, major problem that's going to have to be solved. I have heard -- I think possibly through Anne Schneider, maybe through some -- one of the -- either her or Mr. Scalminini, that he has some expertise and that he is now with another organization. It would be nice to be able to consult with him on this issue.

MR. LEMIEUX: And we are. And we're tapping his expertise.

MR. KIDMAN: Thank you, your Honor. I want to just emphasize that at least in my understanding, Phase II of this process is going to require more than simply a financing plan and a cost apportionment plan. Those are two things that have to be there. But there is also a need to identify more specific actions that will be taken, prioritize them, and schedule them. All of those things are part of Phase II that is not covered in Phase I.

So I think the parties probably have a lot of resources to be able to bring in the financial consult

that's necessary. There are a lot of agencies involved who build tens of millions -- hundreds of millions of dollars worth of facilities over the years. It can be done, but everything has to be taken in the right order.

Secondly, I wanted to emphasize what you're not hearing today. Understand, no one is here today saying that the Watermaster or any party or group of parties have been dragging their feet. Nobody is here saying that you ought to just cut this thing off right now and appoint the Department of Water Resources as the Watermaster.

That's -- that's not here. Every single party, best I can tell, is sort of in agreement. This first step ought to be taken -- put behind us, whatever reservation or, you know, the disagreement they want to make, everybody seems to be pretty much in accord with that, and Monte Vista is as well.

We think -- Monte Vista thinks that there needs to be some continual incentive, and that the incentive that the Court has put out there is that if this job doesn't get done, get done in a satisfactory way, that we will lose local control.

THE COURT: You read me like a book.

MR. KIDMAN: I saw that note.

That incentive is an important incentive. And we still have some skepticism about whether or not these parties collectively can manage this resource in the

overall public interest, but the first step is being taken. Let's accept it and try to move on to the second step and reserve judgment on the idea, is somebody else more suitable to be the Watermaster here?

The last thing -- I would just like to leave this note, because there's been plenty of things written on this. Consensus is a difficult thing. And there is some opinion saying that consensus is the absence or antithesis of leadership. If consensus is a requirement, it provides a very, very strong veto to the minority. That is, anybody that decides they want to disagree or their interest hasn't been adequately addressed has the ability to withhold agreement, and therefore, stifle or choke off consensus.

So I think there needs to be some articulation by the Court that consensus doesn't necessarily mean unanimity, but what you want to get is a reasonable plan that most people are able to buy into. And the Court, obviously, will have the ability to reserve and rule on whether or not it is unfair to some parties. And the Court has probably the authority, in my view, at least, to require recalcitrance to go along with it under the authority under Article 10, Section 2 of the California Constitution to advance the reasonable and beneficial use of water to -- of this State to the greatest extent which they're capable.

. 25

One last thing is that this matter that I brought up is sort of out of order. And I recognize it is out of order, but is of some urgency. And before we get done today I sure would like to hear the Court's thought on how we can get Chino Basin's voice heard in the process that's going on through the State Water Resources Control Board.

THE COURT: Ms. --

MS. LEVIN: I didn't know that Mr. Kidman was going to raise this last argument -- or second to last argument that he raised again. One of the things the court referee said in her comments specifically was that the authority of the Court and the issue of the jurisdiction of the Court is premature at this time, if this report is filed as a report or accepted as a report. And as I understood her letter and comment, she really wasn't looking for the record to include in this ruling today any --

THE COURT: Approval?

MS. LEVIN: -- any additional approval -- or even responding to Mr. Kidman's suggestion regarding whether the Court has authority or jurisdiction to order recalcitrant parties -- I think that it would be really premature and would do a disservice to this group if any kind of language like that were added to this ruling. I am not sure Mr. Kidman was suggesting that.

THE COURT: I don't think he is suggesting that. I think everybody knows what the threat is from the very first time everybody came in here. Nobody wants the State to take this over, and that's a big threat I have. I know it. You guys know it.

And so if you don't get consensus, you don't move forward. You just turn it over to the Department of Water Resources and it saves me a lot of time. But I recognize you guys want to work this out. I am willing to work with you, and I am flexible up to a point. If somebody is just going to drag their feet and drag their feet, that's one of the things I am concerned about.

I wanted -- when Mr. Kidman was up, I wanted to mention that way back last December you had pretty much everything you have got now done, which causes me a little bit of concern that Phase II will be done on time. So I have got to keep everybody's feet to the fire here.

MR. LEMIEUX: I am going to disagree. An awful lot has been accomplished since last December. And I don't think we want to hear all of it from Mr. Wildermuth, because a lot of it was on his back. I am not disagreeing --

THE COURT: In fact, he's got his little stamp down at the bottom. I recognized that. Also

Mr. Scalminini -- I wanted to let everybody know before I forget, Mr. Scalminini had some very scintillating things

to say about the efforts that were being made, so --

MS. LEVIN: I was going to say one other thing. That is maybe, Mr. Tanaka, it would be more appropriate for him to respond, because he has looked at the CEQA issue. I was thinking that if your ruling does just accept or receive and file this report, then I am wondering whether or not there is any need at this time to require that the parties brief the CEQA issue. What I am concerned about is that an analysis of the pros and cons of whether CEQA does or does not apply is an internal analysis that the various water agencies and Watermaster have gone through. But when you file in court you really have to take a position it wouldn't be an internal memorandum, and whatever position you might take might work against you at a later point.

To me it would seem premature to have briefing and a hearing on the CEQA issue if Phase I is just accepted, but I don't know if Mr. Tanaka agrees because I have not researched this issue.

THE COURT: The OSC assumes that I have actually -- as you recall, when Anne Schneider was appointed, that's my tentative, you come to show cause why it should not be the case. I think CEQA is eventually going to apply to this, and --

MR. LEMIEUX: I would think, your Honor, it would be useful to come before the Court in about a month

2

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12

13

15

14

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

and spend time devoted only to the CEQA issue, because I think, in addition to the technical questions of when do you have to do it? What does it cover? Who has to do it? We have some concerns to bring you on timing. How long is it going to take? What's the realistic view of this process?

That's going to be important information for you to have when it comes to deciding how we find the closest thing down. So in a month from now if it is just a brief on those issues rather than resolving them, that would be, I think, very well spent.

THE COURT: I can promise that.

MR. TANAKA: Maybe there is a middle ground here, your Honor. I think the group is starting to gel on some views on CEQA. And, perhaps, we'll reach a decision at the next meeting as to what we intend to do on CEQA. So if we come back in a month as your Honor and Mr. Lemieux would suggest, it won't require battling briefs as Ms. Levin is worried about. Here's what we plan to do and why we think it is legal. And if there are any points of disagreement we can hash that out, but it will narrow the dispute for your Honor.

THE COURT: There is nobody from the Conservation District here?

(No response.)

THE COURT: Sir, what's your name?

2`

MR. VANDEN HUEVEL: Geoffrey Vanden Huevel. I am a director on the Chino Basin Water Conservation Board, and I am representing the Board of Directors.

THE COURT: I read your name quite a bit.

MR. VANDEN HUEVEL: Sorry.

THE COURT: In fact, your name was mentioned along with Paul Hofer's name one time to me that -- I think by Anne Schneider -- that I know the two of you were aligned on some issue or something like that.

MR. VANDEN HUEVEL: That would be a pretty good guess. Paul is a farmer. We are two agricultural representatives on the Watermaster Board. And he is a good common sense guy, so whenever I can agree with him, I feel like I am on pretty good ground.

THE COURT: I read your name on the minutes. I read the minutes too. So it is nice to meet you.

MR. VANDEN HUEVEL: Nice to meet you too.

THE COURT: Okay. I will keep the tentative schedule the way it is now with the caveat that I want to maybe get something from Ms. Levin on how her schedule differs from the schedule that I have set forth and what can be done to perhaps my schedule to be more accommodating. I have taken the dates that you have given me and tried to work back on them. But apparently in doing that it really does leave the employees in a very insecure position, and that's nothing I have ever wanted

2.

to do in this case. That's the one thing I really thought about last night. The employees might read this and take too harsh a view of it and go out looking for another job. And that's not going to do any good.

Yes.

MR. KIDMAN: Your Honor, being the one that's talked about keeping the pressure on, I might say that if we're extending, in effect, the time for the final OBMP until April or another six months, that it may be useful to extend that June 30th deadline for a similar amount of time and that would help the issue that you have brought up.

18th, but that's something -- that's the one thing that weighed heavily on my mind when I went to bed last night, was these employees are going to think that -- they're going to read this and jump to conclusions and think they're going to be out and go out looking for another job and maybe not do the job they're hired to do right now. And that's the furthest thing from my mind. I wouldn't have put all this work or brought Mr. Scalminini or Anne Schneider in if I wanted to boot the Watermaster out and bring the Department of Water Resources in. Au contraire.

But you have to have a continued plan. And I think the Department of Water Resources should know that when they read the paperwork. I hope they know it. Maybe

not to expend a whole lot of effort in this area, but these are the things that need to be done if worse comes to worse. Also I think that the players need to know that if they — their goal is just to spin wheels and keep stalling in the hopes they're going to wear me down, those of you who know me know, that's the wrong strategy.

So that's -- I have tried to word it very carefully as I did before when I put two people negotiating with the Department of Water Resources, give you guys an out, let you know that I mean business.

Yes.

1

Ź

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

MS. STEWART: Traci Stewart, Chief of Watermaster Services. I spoke with the Department of Water Resources last week. I tried to contact the representative that we had been working with this past year, and he's on sabbatical until January of 2000. was referred to Mr. David Anderson (phonetic spelling), I guess, who is his superior. And in speaking with him about it, their sense is that the Court might, in fact, appoint the Department of Water Resources at some point, but they felt that if the Court wasn't firm that they were going to appoint the Department of Water Resources, that perhaps when the Court was firm, that a transition period at that point in time would make more sense. And so that's when Mr. Anderson asked me to represent today if the Court asked if we had made the contact like we

promised in our motion to the Court --

THE COURT: That's actually nothing new. In their original letter in response to your letter essentially that was the tenor of that letter, if you can understand the same term used many times with the dual intended --

MS. STEWART: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: I don't know that they're the best organization to take over as Watermaster. And I certainly am of the present opinion that I can't just appoint them, they have to accept the appointment. That's why I underlined "invited" in there. I don't think I can force the Department of Water Resources to do that task. In the past I was under the impression that they would accept the appointment. In fact, there are some financial benefits to them taking over. They can put as little as 50 percent of their charges as a charge back. I am aware of that. I think we mentioned that a long time ago in here as a matter of fact.

You guys want control. I am still willing to work with you. It has been going on for a number of years. Now, that's the general theme. You guys want local control.

And I have got a Sword of Damocles of the Department of Water Resources hanging above them if nothing is done. Something appears to be getting

accomplished. It has taken a long time. And maybe my original projections were unrealistic about the amount of time it would take to get this accomplished. Certainly, there have been a lot of meetings.

And Mr. Wildermuth has certainly put a lot of work in there in reading that stuff over. But I want to keep the dates that I have set in there with the proviso that I am thinking about the employees and the uncertainty that would be created by keeping the time line vis-a-vis the employees. But the other time lines look good, and I still want to discuss the CEQA issue on the 18th. So that might not be very palatable to some people, but I think it is something eventually we're going to come to grips with. And, actually, in getting all the agencies to get along with each other, if you're going to wind up with a CEQA issue, it is better to think about it now so you don't have to go back and redo something later too. I will await your pleadings, but the thought is out there that I think that.

Oh, let me discuss one other thing. We have a research attorney here that used to work with Orange County. And then, actually, I found out just recently -- she is on vacation. She didn't help me on this. But I found out just recently she was on the Advisory Committee at one time. Her name is Paula Martinez. Does anybody -- somebody is nodding.

MS. LAUFFER: Many, many years ago in the late '70's.

THE COURT: What do you guys think about that?

We have another research attorney that is quite capable.

MR. KIDMAN: Just jumping out there without knowing much about it, I can certainly say that I would waive any objections on behalf of Monte Vista, if that's what you're looking for.

THE COURT: What if I used her only as a secondary, in case the other one was ill. There is another one that is quite capable. If somebody is uncomfortable, I feel uncomfortable. I could use her if necessary, but I would use the other one. There are two that I could use, one is on vacation now and used to work in Orange County and was a member of the advisory committee.

She did not work on this. I have held her in abeyance, and it is something that's being discussed internally here whether or not it would be appropriate to use her. She has CEQA experience. Then again, I think Ms. Schneider's office has somebody that -- with quite a bit of CEQA experience there too. And plus the one that used to be next door to me that's come back temporarily that is available is the one that worked with me on this from the very get go, so I would just as soon work with

Ιf

1 But I have to let the head of the research attorneys 2 know which one I want, and I wanted to consult with you. 3 If it makes no difference to you, I am going to take the one that originally worked on this with me, Judy 4 Schurrer is her name. She makes my phone calls, discusses 5 things with Anne Schneider. She is my immediate contact. 6 This time I used -- actually, I had Wanda call Mr. Tanaka. 7 8 I noticed something --9 Was it you that called? 10 THE CLERK: Yes. 11 MR. TANAKA: I can address those issues, if you 12 want. 13 THE COURT: Why don't you explain what I had you look up? I didn't talk to you directly. 14 15 MR. TANAKA: The clerk's office called and 16 wanted to know about three people that appeared on the 17 service list. The first was Robert Dougherty. And it is our understanding Mr. Dougherty should remain on the list. 18 19 He is still attorney of record for Ontario on this issue. 20 Secondly, Mr. James Ward, who is now a justice. 21 We got Watermaster Services to contact his office. they say they no longer have a party to the action, 22 23 they'll be removed. 24 And finally, the third one was Crawford Canyon 25 Water District. And the question was, "Should they be

added to the list?" Apparently, they're not part of this

1 bas

basin or adjudication, so they will not be added.

2⁻

THE COURT: Thank you. And thank you for looking that up.

Along those lines, a couple of years ago I thought we might be able to save some trees if we started getting e-mail addresses and e-mailing certain people if they will accept notice by e-mail. I don't think it is legal notice per the Code of Civil Procedure. If somebody would voluntarily accept notice that way it would save a lot of paperwork; is there somebody you're taking the paperwork to?

MS. STEWART: We do it all in-house. Unless there is a special need for colored printing or special binding, we do it all in-house. And we have asked for e-mail addresses whenever we have sign-in sheets, but there are a number of people that participate who don't have e-mail addresses. We haven't gotten to where we suggested they receive notice that way. We have made a serious effort to have everything up on the web, the agendas and the minutes to the best of our ability.

THE COURT: That would save a little bit of money, wouldn't it? How many mailings do you do? There are 1,300 people -- I have variously heard 400 mailings.

MS. STEWART: When we served the Appendix A and the OBMP, it ended up being about 140 that received notice on that. And what we have, there is an order on file that

·25

dates back, I believe, in the late '70s, early '80s where we're allowed to notice the other active parties who haven't requested full notice by using a post card. So in this particular proceeding, which started as a result of your February 19th ruling, we noticed everybody, but it was in progress. And then we noticed the hearing dates on the post card to remind the people, and that comes in under 500 total, you know, including the 140. So we have kept them apprised in that manner as well as with the web site and such.

THE COURT: The web site goes back quite a ways. It is more extensive than what I envisioned. Although still the draft minutes I would love to see put on sooner, but then maybe delete some of the past ones. That's getting to be quite a voluminous web site, isn't it?

MS. STEWART: The challenge we have experienced, your Honor, is in meeting the meeting schedule, that leaves very little time between meetings in order to prepare draft minutes and be prepared for the next set of meetings and still get the agenda and materials out for, the meeting. It is quite a task.

THE COURT: I think Anne Schneider convinced me not to go off to the desalter. I wanted to see the desalter and she says, "Don't bug them now. They're really working hard." So I didn't. Eventually I would like to see the desalter out in Riverside.

1 MS. STEWART: We can do that. 2 THE COURT: You have been busy. We had this 3 date coming up. 4 MR. TANAKA: As we're wrapping matters up, I just wanted to make sure the fact didn't get lost in all 5 6 the discussion. I was under the impression that your 7 Honor was contemplating revising the tentative, at least to the extent that he refers to the report as being deemed 8 9 provisional. And I wanted to make sure that -- to determine whether that was his Honor's pleasure. 10 11 THE COURT: It is. It is. I don't want to foreclose any rights that anybody might have. I want the 12 thing to move forward though. I don't want people to be 13 14 rewriting and redrafting what's already been done. 15 Ms. Levin, your wording seems appropriate. 16 MS. LEVIN: Thank you, your Honor. I have --17 THE COURT: That's why you will probably do the 18 next notice of ruling. 19 MS. LEVIN: I didn't know if you wanted me to real briefly explain what I would suggest in terms of the 20 21 timetable. 22 THE COURT: I received it on the 28th. Today is 23 the 30th. 24 MS. LEVIN: It is actually -- it was actually in my comments at the public hearing. I just wrote out the 25 26 comments as well, because it is easier to see a time line

when it is in writing. And that written comment was not included in the Appendix, so that's why I sent it over to the Court. And it is really simple.

And that is my only problem was March 15th was the deadline for comments on the draft OBMP. And in my opinion, we -- and then you have March 31st as the final OBMP submitted to the Court. It is that deadline, the 15 days --

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. LEVIN: -- doesn't allow the parties to circulate the comments, to look at everyone else's comments and see them, possibly respond to them, agree to them, disagree with them, and then have them somehow incorporated, as Mr. Kidman had mentioned, into some sort of final. And then after the final comments are incorporated, the committee -- the numerous committees and the advisory committee and the Watermaster then has to consider the final OBMP. And then it has to be submitted to the Court.

So in my comments, I was just saying that that 15-day period, I think I suggested that it almost had to be -- I said -- between the final comments and consideration by Watermaster to send it to the Court -- almost had to be another 45 days. And then after it was considered by Watermaster, then it would be sent to the Court. And all of us would file pleadings with our

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1

suggestions or comments. And then usually you like a fair amount of time, possibly 30 days, so I had come up with consideration by the Watermaster by April 28th, and filing of the pleadings with the Court -- I cut it down to May 12th, and then a hearing on May 31st. I understand your concern that that leaves, you know, two days or one day for the interim appointment. So all I can say is in your consideration of revising the time schedule, that the time frame of the final comments being received and the time the Watermaster has to consider it, the parties need time to look at everone else's comments, incorporate those comments in a revised final, essentially, and then send it to the Court. And that is what I was concerned about. wasn't pushing back the schedule of final -- the final being circulated to all the parties. It was the time between the comment period.

THE COURT: The only concern I have, and it is probably going to have to be whatever it is, but the June 30th date was selected because that's the end of the fiscal year, and insurance contracts, various things were — would terminate on June 30th, and if another organization were to take over, they would want to start with a clean slate. Well, on November 18th, I think we can discuss that it could very well be that the only realistic possibility at that time is to move that date out, because I am not going to leave the employees with

that degree of uncertainty that they can't do their job adequately, so that they go out looking for employment elsewhere.

MS. LEVIN: And I don't think any parties here -- recognizing we would get the Court's pleasure extending the time line -- well, I will only speak for the State. I know the State would not have a problem extending the interim appointment in the same amount of time as you have given the parties to complete this process.

THE COURT: Why don't we have that an item we'll discuss on the 18th. You know preliminarily what my thoughts are, and something is going to have to be done. You have some good suggestions, and a two-week period is probably too short. I am concerned about the employees, as I always have been. It may not sound like it by the harsh language of the judgment. And this is an industry where they can obtain employment quickly — substitute employment, so they're going to need a long time, if, in fact, that was to ever occur. I hope it doesn't.

Okay. Ms. Levin, you're going to prepare notice of the Court's ruling just with the modifications that we discussed. It is going to be a provisional filing.

MS. LEVIN: It is going to be a provisional report?

THE COURT: The Court will accept it as a

provisional filing. I will revisit the time line on 1 Ź. November the 18th. 3 MS. LEVIN: Would you like the State to prepare a proposed ruling and circulate it among the attorneys 4 here and the Court and you issue --5 6 THE COURT: Send it for approval as to form and 7 content. If they don't respond within five business days, you send it to the Court and I will sign it. 8 9 Does that sound fair to everybody? 10 MR. GUTIERREZ: Sounds good. 11 MR. TANAKA: Yes, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Is there anything else we need to 13 discuss? Be sure and rip that one page out of your tentative ruling, please. That's not part of the filing. 14 15 MS. LEVIN: Now that you have given me this job, I need some clarification. Do you want me to change your 16 17 time line at all between March 15th --18 THE COURT: Not right now. 19 MS. LEVIN: Not right now. 20 THE COURT: Put in there, I will revise it, the 21 issue of the time line on the 18th. 22 MS. LEVIN: The same thing with the CEQA 23 section? 24 THE COURT: Yes. I am really of the opinion 25 that eventually we're going to have to bite the bullet on 26 this issue of CEOA.

MR. KIDMAN: Your Honor, again on the point of this Santa Ana River issue, I am extremely concerned about the time line that's there. The hearing is scheduled --

THE COURT: November 5th.

MR. KIDMAN: December.

THE COURT: With the State Water Control Board.

MR. KIDMAN: The schedule --

THE COURT: I thought you told me November 5th.

MR. KIDMAN: Filings have to be in by November the 5th. Those filings really are expected to include written testimony, income and expense declarations. It is not just putting in a notice of intent to appear.

Consequently, if Chino Basin is going to participate, that issue needs to be addressed soon. And I am wondering if the Court has any dates in the first couple of weeks of October that we might shoot at for trying to form a game plan and submit it to the Court.

THE COURT: Well, for this case I would always make time available.

The 7th and 8th I am going to be gone. The 11th is a Court holiday.

MR. LEMIEUX: Your Honor, I would like to offer that the Watermaster is the first place that this ought to be discussed. I have asked Traci to come up here and tell me when the next Watermaster meeting is, rather than --

MS. STEWART: Watermaster, the board, doesn't

meet until October 28th, in the morning. I was going to check and see if your schedule is still 1:30 for the October 28th hearing.

THE COURT: I am going to vacate that date. That's a good point. The October 28th date I would vacate. There is no point in it in light of the tentative.

MR. KIDMAN: May I tell you that I am at least of two minds and maybe more as to whether the Watermaster on its own could even make the filing that needs to be made here without authority from the Court to do it? The Watermaster has very delineated authorities under the judgment, and it does not include the -- I can be corrected -- the ability to intervene and participate in administrative proceedings before the State Water Resources Control Board.

THE COURT: Wouldn't that have to be a noticed motion with notice to everybody before I did something like that? I just can't --

MR. KIDMAN: I think so. That's why I am so anxious about the schedule. We have one month to deal with this.

MR. LEMIEUX: I am just trying to reserve for the Watermaster the opportunities to give you the benefit of its views on it. I am not suggesting the Watermaster can hold a hearing and decide to intervene with the State

Board. I agree with Mr. Kidman that's something that probably requires your action. I would like to give the Watermaster the chance to tell you what they feel about this before you hold your hearing. Maybe that's impossible.

THE COURT: If we have that short of time frame, maybe they should come and tell me at the hearing.

MR. LEMIEUX: Maybe that's the only thing we can do.

THE COURT: I don't know what everybody deems appropriate. If I show up at a meeting and we have got a court reporter and we have the whole entourage, it is difficult, very difficult.

MR. TANAKA: I think, if I am not mistaken, the thought is to get a hearing date from your Honor 20 days out so that the motion can be served timely under the Code of Civil Procedure. Mr. Kidman will serve the motion. The parties will have an opportunity to respond. And we'll have a hearing before your Honor as to what direction that your Honor decides to go.

THE COURT: October 20th is 20 days out. 1:30. I always like to do Watermaster things at 1:30. I am usually photocopying something during my lunch hour.

MR. TANAKA: I don't mean to -- the difficulty that creates is Mr. Kidman will probably have to get the draft done today and in the mail today.

2

THE COURT: You want it more than 20 days out?

MS. STEWART: Keep the 28th.

MR. KIDMAN:

3 4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

I will be very direct. I am not volunteering on this, but the Court -- for the Chino Basin

Watermaster and Chino Basin this is an important concern. 5

And I am not sure it is Monte Vista's concern or whether

it is appropriate for the Watermaster, but we need to get

heads together. We waive notice or whatever and make a

decision what's the appropriate participation, if any, and

who it should be.

THE COURT: I think it is consistent with my general philosophy of what needs to be done to effectuate an Optimum Basin Management Plan effectively. And so I agree with your comments, but we need to have a hearing -somebody said, "Let's keep the 28th as a date," and we'll change what we're going to do.

MR. LEMIEUX: I didn't know we had a hearing scheduled for the 28th. My notes were the hearing was on November 18th for the CEQA matter. The 28th was just the filing of briefs.

THE COURT: The 28th was originally a date we were going to appoint a five-year Watermaster.

> MR. LEMIEUX: Oh.

THE COURT: I was vacating that date. But maybe I shouldn't vacate it and instead we would have a hearing as suggested by Mr. Kidman.

MR. KIDMAN: That's probably the best we can do. That will give us a short week to get something prepared if the decision were to go forward.

THE COURT: Who is going to give notice of that? We already have one notice going out through Ms. Levin's office which is going to take a little bit of time, but probably she is not the appropriate person to do this one.

Maybe you are.

MR. KIDMAN: I will take the responsibility for -- to give notice of the hearing, but I am -- I am going to say that I am going to try to get some legal heads together, even today, to at least talk about what the general thought is about how Chino Basin should participate in this thing, and then we'll take 20 days. So by the 8th of -- or thereabouts, we'll be getting our notice of motion and what-not out. So we have roughly a week, a little bit more, maybe, to at least get some preliminary consideration into how to tackle this thing.

THE COURT: While I have got you here. Did you know that there was an article about the San Gabriel Basin in the paper?

MR. KIDMAN: The San Gabriel Basin?

THE COURT: You're involved in that, right? They're in the newspaper today.

MR. KIDMAN: I haven't seen it yet.

THE COURT: It is in our local paper.

1 MR. KIDMAN: There was an editorial on CNBC about it a couple of days ago. 2 3 THE COURT: I don't want to waste any more time of anybody. Is there anything else that we need to 4 5 discuss? 6 MS. LEVIN: Are we vacating October 28th? 7 THE COURT: We're going to have October 28th still as an appearance date. It was vacated for the 8 purposes I originally had set it for and --9 10 MS. LEVIN: Right. 11 THE COURT: -- that was for a full five-year 12 appointment of the Watermaster. And I will vacate it for that purpose, but maybe we need to keep that date on 13 14 calendar then. 15 So you will notice that then? 16 MR. KIDMAN: Yes, your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Put "Watermaster hearing," Okay? 18 Is there anything else? 19 MR. NEUFELD: Yes, sir. Your Honor, if I may? 20 I am Robert Neufeld, Chairman of the Board of Watermaster Services. I know you have had a chance to 21 22 listen to the attorneys talk, and they have been very eloquent in presenting their positions. But I would like 23 to present a position and comment to you about my fellow 24 Board of Director members. And I speak unanimously on 25 26 their behalf, that we are committed to making the date

imposed by the Court and making the plan happen. And we are the decision makers that are charged with that responsibility. So we want to assure you that we will be working toward that goal. We have been from the very beginning. And we know that there are some major obstacles that will be placed in front of us as we move toward attaining that goal you are requesting. We are committed to making it happen within the time line you have asked for. THE COURT: Well, it is nice to meet you. Okay. Anybody else wish to be heard? (Proceedings in the above-entitled matter were concluded.) --000--

_	SOFERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2	COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO - RANCHO CUCAMONGA DIVISION
3	DEPARTMENT R-8 HON. J. MICHAEL GUNN, JUDGE
4	
5	CHINO BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER) DISTRICT,)
6	Plaintiff,)
7	Vs.) Case No. RCV 51010
8	CITY OF CHINO,) Defendant.
9))
10	
11	STATE OF CALIFORNIA) ss
12	COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO)
13	I, Heather R. Moore, Official Reporter of the Superior
14	Court of the State of California, for the County of San
15	Bernardino, Rancho Cucamonga Division, do hereby certify
16	under penalty of perjury that the foregoing pages numbered
17	1 through 52, comprise a full, true and correct
18	computer-aided transcription of the proceedings held in
19	the above-entitled matter on Thursday, September 30, 1999.
20	Dated this 8th day of October, 1999.
21	· ·
22	$\Lambda \Gamma \sim (\Lambda \vee \Lambda \Lambda)$
23	Heather K/1000e c.s.R.
24	Official Reporter, C-10294
25	= -
26	